

# Worksheet 1

**A. Answer the following.**

1. What did humans in ancient times do before they started agriculture?
2. Name the most impressive structure of the Indus Valley Civilization.
3. Who are Aryans?
4. Who was Mahmud?
5. Name five rulers of medieval India.

**B. Fill in the blanks.**

1. The sixth century BCE witnessed the birth of the founders of \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The first powerful ruler of the Gupta dynasty was \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Prithviraj defeated Muhammad Ghorī but made no attempt to chase the \_\_\_\_\_ completely.
4. Delhi was captured by the \_\_\_\_\_ in 1290.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first emperor of the Mughal Dynasty.

**C. Write true or false.**

1. Agriculture changed the life of the early humans. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Ashoka transformed his methods of ruling after the Kalinga War. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Ghiyas-ud-din Tughluq established the Tughluq dynasty in 1370. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Humayun was Babur's son. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Akbar became the emperor of India in 1556 and is remembered as the country's greatest ruler. \_\_\_\_\_

# Worksheet 2

**A. Unscramble the words to make meaningful sentences.**

- 1. In the ancient times, people were initially hunter-gatherers and MADSN0 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. PLUSSUR grains were perhaps stored in granaries. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Delhi was TUREDCAP by the Khalji dynasty in 1290. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Sher Shah was the biggest ROREMPE of the Sur dynasty. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Akbar's successors gradually led the Mughal empire towards its LINEDEC \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Match the following.**

- 1. Indus Valley Civilization ● ● a. Chandragupta Maurya
- 2. Mauryan Dynasty ● ● b. Mohenjo-daro
- 3. Qutb-ud-Din Aibak ● ● c. Mehrauli
- 4. Iron Pillar ● ● d. Tughluq dynasty
- 5. Ghiyas-ud-din Tughluq ● ● e. Qutb Minar

**C. Fill in the blanks.**

- 1. The people who composed the Vedas are referred to as the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. The Allahabad Pillar Inscription is the main source of information of \_\_\_\_\_ reign.
- 3. In 1192 Prithviraj was \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. In \_\_\_\_\_, Balban emerged as the most powerful ruler of the dynasty.
- 5. The English East India Company rose to power in \_\_\_\_\_.

# Worksheet 1

**A. Answer the following.**

1. When did the Great War start?
2. What was the immediate cause of the Great War?
3. What were the kinds of weapons widely used in the Great War?
4. What does Holocaust refer to?
5. What led Japan to admit its defeat?

**B. Write true or false.**

1. The First World War was fought between three blocs. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Soldiers in the First World War fought from the trenches. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Germany and the Allied Powers signed the Treaty of Versailles in 1919. \_\_\_\_\_
4. The Axis Powers included Germany, Soviet Union, Italy and Japan. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The Japanese Army attacked USA's Pearl Harbor. \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Rearrange the letters to make meaningful words related to the world wars.**

1. LOCSB \_\_\_\_\_
2. TICEARMIS \_\_\_\_\_
3. TATORSDIC \_\_\_\_\_
4. CAUSTHOLO \_\_\_\_\_
5. SAKIANAGA \_\_\_\_\_

# Worksheet 2

**A. Fill in the blanks.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ was hit by the Great Depression in 1929.
2. Hitler wished to remove the \_\_\_\_\_ from Germany entirely.
3. The two dictators who rose to power during the First World War were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ was formed to prevent a future war and solve the international disputes.
5. Hitler led the \_\_\_\_\_ party.

**B. Unscramble the words to make meaningful sentences.**

1. The Great War ended with the TORYVIC of the Allied Powers. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Adolf Hitler became the ELLORCHANC of Germany in 1933. \_\_\_\_\_
3. When Britain and France LAREDDDEC war on Germany the Second World War began. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Japan won many JORMA battles in the Second World War. \_\_\_\_\_
5. To TATEFACILI world peace, the United Nations was formed. \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Write one-word answers.**

1. The First World war ended in this year \_\_\_\_\_
2. Germany, Austria-Hungary, Ottoman Empire, and Bulgaria made up this bloc \_\_\_\_\_
3. It was formed to prevent a future war and solve international disputes. \_\_\_\_\_
4. He became the Chancellor of Germany in 1933. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Hiroshima and Nagasaki are in this country. \_\_\_\_\_

**A. Answer the following.**

1. What did the aftermath of the Second World War lead to?
2. How many member states are there in the United Nations?
3. What are the objectives of the UN?
4. What are the six main organs of the UN?
5. What does the principal judicial organ, the International Court of Justice, do?

**B. Fill in the blanks.**

1. The headquarters of the United Nations is in \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The United Nations works towards making the world a \_\_\_\_\_ place.
3. The UN Security Council has \_\_\_\_\_ members.
4. The Trusteeship Council is no longer \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The current Secretary-General is \_\_\_\_\_.

**C. Rearrange the letters to make meaningful words.**

1. QUARTERSHEAD \_\_\_\_\_
2. TIONORGANISA \_\_\_\_\_
3. CILCOUN \_\_\_\_\_
4. TARIATSECRE \_\_\_\_\_
5. CIALJUDI \_\_\_\_\_

**A. Write true or false.**

- 1. The UN charter was signed by representatives of 39 countries. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. The Trusteeship Council is still functional. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. The main organ of the UN is the General Assembly. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. The UN has 15 members of which five members are permanent. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The headquarters of the UN are in New York. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Write one-word answers.**

- 1. Members of this organ of the UN has one vote each \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. This country is one of the permanent members of the UN Security Council \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. This organ of the UN is headquartered in the Hague \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. This member state meets every year in this month to discuss and debate on peace and security issues. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The International Court of Justice has these many judges elected for a term of nine years \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Match the columns.**

- 1. United Nations ● ● a. six
- 2. Organs of the UN ● ● b. promote world peace.
- 3. Security Council ● ● c. not functional
- 4. Trusteeship Council ● ● d. Secretary-General
- 5. António Guterres ● ● e. 15 members

# Worksheet 1

**A. Answer the following.**

1. Why did the Chipko Movement begin?
2. Who is Jadav Payeng?
3. What is Rajendra Singh known for?
4. Who is Tulsi Gowda?
5. Who wrote the book, *Silent Spring*?

**B. Write true or false.**

1. Kinkri Devi protested the uncontrolled cutting down of trees in Assam. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Ranaram Bishnoi has been working towards converting sand dunes to gardens. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Tulsi Gowda earned the title of 'Encyclopedia of Forests'. \_\_\_\_\_
4. *Silent Spring* is written by Dr. Jane Goodall. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Dr. Jane Goodall founded Roots & Shoots, a global environmental programme. \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Rearrange the letters to make meaningful words.**

1. MENTMOVE \_\_\_\_\_

2. VATIONCOSER \_\_\_\_\_

3. CLOPEDIAENCY \_\_\_\_\_

4. TIONEXTINC \_\_\_\_\_

5. GENOUSINDE \_\_\_\_\_

# Worksheet 2

**A. Fill in the blanks.**

1. Sunderlal Bahuguna led the Chipko Movement in the \_\_\_\_\_ region.
2. Ranaram Bishnoi has planted more than \_\_\_\_\_ varieties of trees.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is referred to as the 'Woman of Trees'.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_ works to make positive animal community and the environment.
5. Winona LaDuke has been working on issues of climate change since \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Write one-word answer.**

1. The Mulai Reserve is in this river island in Assam \_\_\_\_\_
2. Chipko Movement began during this time \_\_\_\_\_
3. Jadav Payeng is also known as this \_\_\_\_\_
4. Sirmour district is in this Indian state \_\_\_\_\_
5. Winona LaDuke's organisation is called \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Write true or false.**

1. Rajendra Singh, also known as the 'Waterman of India'. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Tulsi Gowda has planted more than 30,000 saplings since 1960. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Winona LaDuke is referred to as the 'Woman of Trees'. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Dr Jane Goodall is a noted ethologist. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Rachel Carson worked for the vital need to protect chimpanzees from extinction. \_\_\_\_\_



# Worksheet 1

**A. Answer the following.**

1. Define weather?
2. How is climate different from weather?
3. What are the factors that influence the climate?
4. Why are places near the equator hotter than places which are away from the Equator?
5. What causes rainfall?

**B. Fill in the blanks.**

1. Weather impacts the \_\_\_\_\_ grown by farmers.
2. The world is divided into \_\_\_\_\_ major climatic regions.
3. Coastal areas experience a moderate climate because of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Places, such as Delhi and Lucknow experience \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The Earth can be divided into \_\_\_\_\_ heat zones.

**C. Arrange the letters to make meaningful words.**

1. RIA SSUREPRE \_\_\_\_\_
2. QUATORE \_\_\_\_\_
3. TITUDEAL \_\_\_\_\_
4. RRIDTO NEZO \_\_\_\_\_
5. MACLITE \_\_\_\_\_

**A. Write true or false.**

- 1. Weather conditions in the morning and the evening remain the same. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Different parts of the world experience different types of climates. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Shimla, Nainital and Darjeeling are in the coastal regions of India. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Deserts receive very little or no rainfall. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Places near the Equator are cold and humid. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Unscramble the words to make meaningful sentences.**

- 1. The THERWEA changes every day. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Humid air causes LLFAAINR. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Summer, winter and monsoon are types of NOSSESA. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Air over the sea is RELOCO than that over the land. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Places located at HERHIG altitudes are colder. \_\_\_\_\_

**C. Find out about the different heat zones. Now, take a world map and mark the different heat zones in it.**

# Worksheet 1

**A. Answer the following.**

1. Define communication.
2. What is a trunk call?
3. What is a pager?
4. Who is Martin Cooper?
5. What is e-business?

**B. Fill in the blanks.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ invented the telephone.
2. A pager is a \_\_\_\_\_ instrument.
3. Many functions of a smartphone are similar to a \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The message sent through a telegraph is known as a \_\_\_\_\_.
5. India's postal service is known as \_\_\_\_\_.

**C. Rearrange the letters to make meaningful words.**

1. MARTSNESPHO \_\_\_\_\_
2. LETSTAB \_\_\_\_\_
3. NETTERIN \_\_\_\_\_
4. SSAGEME \_\_\_\_\_
5. RTETLES \_\_\_\_\_

# Worksheet 2

**A. Write true or false.**

1. Personal communication and mass communication are the two means of communication. \_\_\_\_\_
2. STD stands for Subscriber Trunk Dialing. \_\_\_\_\_
3. India discontinued the telegram services in 2017. \_\_\_\_\_
4. India Post helps us send or receive letters and parcels faster. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The Internet is a system that uses computer networks. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Fill in the blanks.**

1. Trunk calls had a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. STD calls made it easier to make \_\_\_\_\_ calls.
3. Pagers are more commonly used in \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A smartphone helps you locate a place, through \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ of a post office is used to send or receive money.

**C. Unscramble the words to make meaningful sentences.**

1. STD did not require a telephone TOROPERA. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A landline phone is a DEXFI device. \_\_\_\_\_
3. We can listen to music or watch movies NEONLI. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Schools held online classes for students during the MICDEPAN. \_\_\_\_\_
5. ALINND letters can be sent within different parts of a country. \_\_\_\_\_