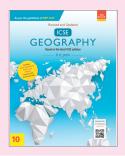
## **ICSE Geography**

Answer: (c) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3

Class 10



## **Multiple-Choice Questions**

## CHAPTER 14 - India - Agriculture (Crops I - Rice, Wheat and Millets)

1. What is the backbone of Indian	agriculture?		
a. Fruits and vegetables		b. Livestock and dairy	
c. Food crops		d. Cash crops	
Answer: (c) Food crops			
2. What is the staple food for about half of India's population living in the eastern and southern parts of the country?			
a. Wheat		b. Rice	
c. Maize		d. Barley	
Answer: (b) Rice			
3. Which organization declared 2004 as the International Year of Rice with a theme 'Rice is Life'?			
a. United Nations		b. World Health Organization	
c. Food and Agriculture Organization		d. World Trade Organization	
Answer: (a) United Nations			
4. Which areas in India are ideal for	or rice cultivation?		
a. Desert areas		b. Coastal areas	
c. Hilly areas		d. All of these	
Answer: (d) All of these			
5. What type of soil is ideal for gro	wing rice?		
a. Sandy soil	wing nee:	b. Loamy soil	
c. Clayey		d. Both (b) and (c)	
Answer: (d) Both (b) and (c)			
6. Match the following rice cultivat		descriptions.	
Column A	Column B		
A. Broadcasting method		the field and rice seeds are dropped at regular intervals.	
B. Dibbling method		attered in the field by hand before the monsoons.	
<b>c.</b> Transplantation method		wn in furrows using a pipe attached to a plough.	
D. Drilling method	4. Rice seeds are first main field.	st sown in a nursery bed and then transplanted to the	
a. A–3, B–1, C–2, D–4			
<b>b.</b> A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2			
<b>c</b> . A–2, B–4, C–1, D–3			
d. A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1			

CHAPTER 14 - INDIA - AGRICULTURE (CROPS I - RICE, WHEAT AND MILLETS)

- 7. Which types of wheat are mostly grown in the world?
  - a. Spring wheat and summer wheat
  - c. Monsoon wheat and post-monsoon wheat Answer: (d) Spring wheat and winter wheat
- 8. Which climatic condition is ideal for wheat cultivation?
  - a. Cool climate with moderate rainfall
  - b. High temperature during the growing season
  - c. Low temperature at the time of harvesting
  - d. Heavy rainfall throughout the year
     Answer: (a) Cool climate with moderate rainfall
- 9. Study the following map and answer the questions that follow.

- **b.** Winter wheat and autumn wheat
- d. Spring wheat and winter wheat



- 9.1 Which of the following states is not a major producer of ragi in India?
  - a. Maharashtra
  - c. Rajasthan

- b. Andhra Pradesh
- d. Tamil Nadu

Answer: (c) Rajasthan

CHAPTER 14 - INDIA - AGRICULTURE (CROPS I - RICE, WHEAT AND MILLETS)

- 9.2 Which state of India has the highest production of Ragi?
  - a. Karnataka
  - c. Tamil Nadu Answer: (a) Karnataka
- **10.** Match the following terms with their definitions.
  - Column AColumn BA. Yield per hectare1. An improved type of rice seed that produces a higher yield
  - **B.** High yielding variety **2.** The amount of rice produced in a given area of land
  - **c.** Area under cultivation **3.** The amount of rice produced in a given year
    - **D**. Total production
- 4. The total area of land used for growing riceb. A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
- **a.** A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4 **c.** A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

- **d.** A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
- Answer: (b) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
- 11. Which crop protection measure is used to protect the standing crop from pests?
  - a. Mulching
  - b. Crop rotation
  - c. Spraying pesticides and insecticides
  - d. Intercropping
    - Answer: (c) Spraying pesticides and insecticides
- 12. Which of the following millets is used as a staple food by poor people in South India?
  - a. Jowarb. Ragic. Bajrad. All of these
  - Answer: (b) Ragi
- 13. Match the following.

Column A	Column B

- A. Jowar1. Sandy loams
- B. Wheat
- C. Rice 3. Fertile silt
- D. Bajra
   4. Clayey deep regur

   a. A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
   b. A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3

   c. A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
   d. A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1

2. Black lava soil

Answer: (d) A–4, B–3, C–2, D–1

14. Which of the following is not a suitable soil type for growing bajra?

- a. Sandy loams b. Black soils
- c. Red soils d. Clayey soils
  - Answer: (d) Clayey soils
- 15. Which of the following statements is true about jowar?
  - a. It is a rabi crop in northern India.
  - **b.** It grows well in areas with excessive moisture.
  - c. It is the most important food crop in India.
  - d. It is not grown as an irrigated crop.

Answer: (a) It is a rabi crop in northern India.

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- b. Uttrakhand
- d. Kerala

- 16. Match the Indian regions with their contribution to rice production.
- Column A Column B A. Brahmaputra valley 1. Major producer of rice after the Green Revolution B. East and west coastal plains 2. Main rice producing area c. Punjab and Haryana 3. Contributes about half of the total rice production in India **D.** West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, 4. Produces rice in parts of the peninsular plateau Andhra Pradesh, and Telangana a. A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3 **b.** A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2 **c.** A–3, B–4, C–1, D–2 d. A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1 Answer: (a) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3 17. Which of the following millets is originally from Africa? d. All of these a. Jowar **b.** Bajra c. Ragi Answer: (d) All of these 18. Match the following Indian states with their respective major rice producing districts. Column A Column B A. West Bengal 1. Gorakhpur **B.** Uttar Pradesh 2. West Godavari c. Punjab 3. Medinipur D. Andhra Pradesh 4. Ferozepur
  - a. A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3 b. A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2 c. A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2 d. A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1 Answer: (c) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2
- 19. Study the following map and answer the questions that follow.



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- 19.1 All of the following regions belong to the category "Major Areas" except \_
  - a. Haryana.
  - c. Bankura.
    - Answer: (a) Haryana.
- **19.2** Identify the second largest rice producing area in India.
  - a. Punjab
  - c. West Bengal Answer: (d) Uttar Pradesh
- 20. What kind of machine is widely used for harvesting wheat in north-western parts of India?
  - a. Tractor
  - c. Combine harvester
    - Answer: (c) Combine harvester

- **b.** Andhra Pradesh
- d. Uttar Pradesh

b. Muzaffarnagar.d. Barddhaman.

- b. Plow
- d. Seeder