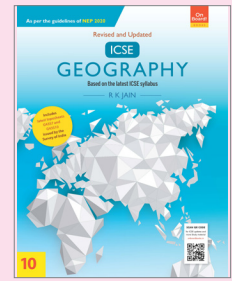


ICSE Geography

Class 10



Multiple-Choice Questions

Chapter 15 - India - Agriculture (Crops II - Pulses, Oilseeds and Sugarcane)

1. Which family of plants does sugar cane belong to?

- a. Leguminous crops
- b. Bamboo
- c. Cereal crops
- d. Oilseeds

Answer: (b)

2. What is the importance of pulses in India?

- a. They provide much needed vegetable oils to the population.
- b. They are an important item of Indian food.
- c. They provide much needed protein to the vegetarian population.
- d. None of the above.

Answer: (c)

3. Match the following:

Column A

- 1. Largest producer of soyabean
- 2. Largest producer of Mustard
- 3. Largest producer of groundnuts
- 4. Leading producer of oilseeds

Column B

- A. Madhya Pradesh
- B. Gujarat
- C. Maharashtra
- D. Rajasthan

- a. 1-C, 2-D, 3-B, 4-A
- b. 1-D, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C
- c. 1-C, 2-A, 3-D, 4-B
- d. 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A

Answer: (a)

4. Which climate is suitable for the growth of gram?

- a. Hot and humid
- b. Cold and dry
- c. Wet and tropical
- d. Mild and cool

Answer: (d)

5. How is new sugar cane usually planted in the country?

- a. By sowing seeds directly into the ground
- b. By taking cuttings, called setts
- c. By transplanting young sugar cane plants
- d. By using hydroponic techniques

Answer: (b)

6. Match the sugar cane producing state in India with its rank in terms of production:

Column A

Column B

1. Uttar Pradesh
2. Maharashtra
3. Karnataka
4. Tamil Nadu

- A. 3rd
- B. 2nd
- C. 1st
- D. 4th

- a. 1-C, 2-D, 3-A, 4-B
- c. 1-C, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D

- b. 1-D, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C
- d. 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A

Answer: (a)

7. Study the following map and answer the questions that follow-



7.1. In which states of India is gram mostly grown?

- a. Kerala and Tamil Nadu
- b. Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh
- c. Punjab and Haryana
- d. West Bengal and Odisha

Answer: (b)

7.2. More than 80 per cent area is cultivated in the following states except?

- a. Madhya Pradesh
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Maharashtra
- d. Karnataka

Answer: (d)

8. Is sugar cane a perennial or annual crop?

- a. Perennial
- b. Annual
- c. Biennial
- d. None of the above

Answer: (a)

9. What is the advantage of using the ratoon method in sugarcane cultivation?

- a. It yields healthier cane
- b. It requires less fertilizer
- c. It saves on labor costs
- d. It produces more sugar per stalk

Answer: (c)

10. Match the following:

Column A

- 1. Bagasse
- 2. Soyabean
- 3. Sugar cane
- 4. Mustard

- a. 1-C, 2-D, 3-B, 4-A
- c. 1-C, 2-A, 3-D, 4-B

Answer: (b)

Column B

- A. Khandsari
- B. Oilcakes
- C. Protein
- D. Crushed sugarcane residue

- b. 1-D, 2-C, 3-A, 4-B
- d. 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A

11. Study the following map and answer the questions that follow-



- 11.1. What are the three distinct belts of sugarcane cultivation in India?
- North, South, East
 - Punjab, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh
 - Satluj-Ganga plain, Black soil belt, Coastal areas
 - Bihar, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka
- Answer: (c)

- 11.2. Identify the state known for the largest producer of sugarcane?
- Maharashtra
 - Karnataka
 - Tamil Nadu
 - Uttar Pradesh
- Answer: (c)

12. Match the following with the effects of rainfall on sugarcane farming:

<i>Column A</i>	<i>Column B</i>
1. Heavy rainfall	A. Increases juice content
2. Well-distributed rainfall	B. Results in low sugar content
3. Less rainfall	C. Increases sugar content
4. Cool dry season	D. Produces fibrous crop
a. 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C	b. 1-D, 2-C, 3-A, 4-B
c. 1-C, 2-A, 3-D, 4-B	d. 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A

Answer: (a)

13. What is the ideal temperature range for sugar cane farming?
- 10°C - 15°C
 - 15°C - 20°C
 - 20°C - 27°C
 - 27°C - 30°C
- Answer: (c)

14. What are the essential nutrients required for sugarcane farming?
- Nitrogen, calcium and phosphorus
 - Nitrogen, sulphur and potassium
 - Calcium, potassium and magnesium
 - Phosphorus, sulphur and magnesium
- Answer: (a)

15. Which of the following products can be made from soybean?
- Milk
 - Oil
 - Margarine
 - All of the above
- Answer: (d)

16. Match the following:

<i>Column A</i>	<i>Column B</i>
1. Sugarcane	A. Pigeon pea
2. Groundnut	B. Loamy soil
3. Tur	C. Broadcast method
4. Gram	D. Sandy loams
a. 1-D, 2-C, 3-A, 4-B	b. 1-A, 2-B, 3-C, 4-D
c. 1-C, 2-A, 3-D, 4-B	d. 1-B, 2-D, 3-A, 4-C

Answer: (d)

17. In which season is mustard sown and harvested?
- Kharif
 - Rabi
 - Summer
 - None of the above
- Answer: (b)

18. What is the oil content of mustard?

- a. 25%
- b. 30%
- c. 35%
- d. 40%

Answer: (c)

19. Which part of groundnut is used as cattle feed?

- a. Oil
- b. Kernel
- c. Husk
- d. Oilcake

Answer: (d)

20. Which of the following cereals is mixed with arhar while growing?

- a. Rice
- b. Wheat
- c. Jowar
- d. Oats

Answer: (c)