## WORKSHEET 1

### CHAPTER 1 - NUMBER SYSTEM

1. Represent each	of the following rati	onal numbers on the	e the number line		
( <i>i</i> ) 5	( <i>ii</i> ) – 2	( <i>iii</i> ) $\frac{3}{7}$	( <i>iv</i> ) $\frac{14}{5}$	$(v) -1\frac{1}{6}$	( <i>vi</i> ) –2.3
2. Find five ration	al numbers between	$\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{5}{3}$ .			
3. Find eight ratio	onal numbers betwee	n $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{2}$ .			
4. Locate each of $(i) \sqrt{10}$	the following on the ( <i>ii</i> ) $\sqrt{13}$	number line. ( <i>iii</i> ) $\sqrt{17}$			
5. Represent $\sqrt{5.2}$	geometrically on the	ne number line.			
6. Express each of	f the following in the	e form $\frac{p}{q}$ , where p a	nd $q$ are integers	and $q \neq 0$ .	
( <i>i</i> ) 0.7	( <i>ii</i> ) 0.23	( <i>iii</i> ) 0.437	( <i>iv</i> ) 0.2562	(v) 0.23171717	
7. Classify the foll	lowing as rational or	irrational with justi	fication.		
(i) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$	( <i>ii</i> ) $\sqrt{225}$	<i>(iii)</i> 2√12	( <i>iv</i> ) $\sqrt{\frac{9}{45}}$	(v) $\frac{\sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{5}}$	
(vi) $\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}}$	( <i>vii</i> ) 1.8925	( <i>viii</i> ) 7.1232323	( <i>ix</i> ) $-\sqrt{0.16}$	(x) $\left(\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$	2
8. Rewrite $\sqrt[3]{12}$ , $\sqrt[4]{12}$	$\sqrt{20}, \sqrt[6]{25}, \sqrt{80}, \sqrt[12]{112}$	in ascending order.			
9. Simplify:					
( <i>i</i> ) $\frac{\sqrt{20}}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{45}}{9}$		( <i>ii</i> ) $\sqrt{10} \times \sqrt{15}$		( <i>iii</i> ) $4\sqrt{28} \div 3\sqrt{7}$	7
( <i>iv</i> ) $(2\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{2})$	$(3\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{2})$	(v) <sup>3</sup> √2 <sup>4</sup> √2 <sup>1</sup> √32		( <i>vi</i> ) $\sqrt{8+2\sqrt{15}}$	
10. Simplify:					
( <i>i</i> ) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{80} + \sqrt{175}}$	$\frac{+\sqrt{7}}{-\sqrt{112}-\sqrt{45}}$	( <i>ii</i> ) $2\sqrt{27} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$	$+5\sqrt{3}$		
( <i>iii</i> ) $(\sqrt{3}+1)(1-$	$\sqrt{12}) + \frac{9}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{12}}$	( <i>iv</i> ) $\sqrt{125} - 4\sqrt{6} + $	$-\sqrt{294}-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}$		
11. Simplify:					
(i) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}}+\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$	( <i>ii</i> ) $\frac{7\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{10}+\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{5}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{15}+3}$	$\sqrt{2}$	
12. Rationalise the	denominator of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{10}}$ .			
10 Find the value	$\sqrt{2}$	$+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{10}$			
(i) $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3}}$	$= 2 + b\sqrt{6}$	( <i>ii</i> ) $\frac{7+\sqrt{5}}{7-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{7-\sqrt{5}}{7+\sqrt{5}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = -a - \frac{7}{11}\sqrt{5}b$		
Name:			Teache	er's signature:	
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14. If  $\sqrt{2} = 1.414$  and  $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$ , find the value of  $\frac{4}{3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}$ . 15. (*i*) If  $a = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ , find  $a + \frac{1}{a}$ . (*ii*) If  $x = \sqrt{2} + 1$ , evaluate  $\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2$ . (*iii*) If  $x = 2 - \sqrt{3}$ , evaluate  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^3$ . 16. If  $x = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ , find the value of  $x^2 + y^2$ . 17. If  $x = \frac{\sqrt{a+b} + \sqrt{a-b}}{\sqrt{a+b} - \sqrt{a-b}}$ , then find the value of  $bx^2 - 2ax + b$ .

[HOTS]

18. Simplify:

$$(i) \left[ 5(16^{\frac{1}{4}} + 81^{\frac{1}{4}})^4 \right]^{\frac{1}{5}} \qquad (ii) \left( \frac{3}{5} \right)^4 \times \left( \frac{8}{5} \right)^{-12} \times \left( \frac{32}{5} \right)^6 \qquad (iii) 125^{-1/3} [125^{1/3} - 125^{2/3}]$$
$$(iv) \frac{1}{(256)^{-3/4}} - \frac{4}{(243)^{-1/5}} - \frac{2}{(216)^{-1/3}} \qquad (v) \left( \frac{x^a}{x^b} \right)^{\frac{1}{ab}} \left( \frac{x^b}{x^c} \right)^{\frac{1}{bc}} \left( \frac{x^c}{x^a} \right)^{\frac{1}{aa}}$$

**19.** Find the value of p:

$$\frac{3^{2p-3}}{5^{2-p}} = 135$$

20. If  $a = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$ ,  $b = \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}}$ , find the value of  $a^2 + b^2 + 6ab$ .





## ANSWERS

#### WORKSHEET 1

- 1. (*i*) Refer to page 1.7 of the book.
  - (*ii*) Refer to page 1.8 of the book.
- (*iii*) Refer to page 1.8 of the book.
- (*iv*)  $\frac{14}{5} = 2\frac{4}{5}$ , page 1.8 of the book.
- (v)  $-1\frac{1}{6} = -\frac{7}{6}$ , page 1.8 of the book.
- (vi) -2.3, page 1.8 of the book.
- 2. Sample answer:  $\frac{5}{6}$ , 1,  $\frac{7}{6}$ ,  $\frac{4}{3}$ ,  $\frac{3}{2}$ . Answers may vary.
- 3.  $\frac{22}{126}$ ,  $\frac{23}{126}$ ,  $\frac{24}{126}$ ,  $\frac{25}{126}$ ,  $\frac{26}{126}$ ,  $\frac{27}{126}$ ,  $\frac{28}{126}$ ,  $\frac{29}{126}$  or  $\frac{11}{63}$ ,  $\frac{23}{126}$ ,  $\frac{12}{63}$ ,  $\frac{25}{126}$ ,  $\frac{13}{63}$ ,  $\frac{3}{14}$ ,  $\frac{14}{63}$ ,  $\frac{29}{126}$
- 4. (i)  $\sqrt{10} = \sqrt{9+1} = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (1)^2}$  Refer to page 1.10 of the book.
  - (*ii*)  $\sqrt{13} = \sqrt{9+4} = \sqrt{3^2+2^2}$  Refer to page 1.10 of the book.
- (*iii*)  $\sqrt{17} = \sqrt{16+1} = \sqrt{4^2+1^2}$  Refer to page 1.10 of the book.
- 5. Figure: Refer to page 1.12 of the book.

6. (i) 
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 (ii)  $\frac{23}{99}$  (iii)  $\frac{437}{999}$  (iv)  $\frac{2537}{9900}$  (v)  $\frac{1147}{4950}$ 

7.

Number	Justification			
(i) Irrational	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ is of the form $\frac{p}{q}$ but <i>p</i> here is not an integer.			
(ii) Rational	$\sqrt{225} = 15$ , which is a rational number.			
(iii) Irrational	$2\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{4\times3} = 2\times 2\sqrt{3} = 4\sqrt{3}$ Since $4\sqrt{3}$ is the product of a rational and an irrational number, therefore $2\sqrt{12}(=4\sqrt{3})$ is an irrational number.			
( <i>iv</i> ) Irrational	$\sqrt{\frac{9}{45}} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{9 \times 5}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{5}$ Since $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ is a quotient of a rational number and an irrational number, therefore $\sqrt{\frac{9}{45}} (= 1/\sqrt{5})$ is an irrational number.			
(v) Rational	$\frac{\sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$ , which is a rational number.			
(vi) Rational	$\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 3\sqrt{4} = 3 \times 2 = 6$ , which is a rational number.			
(vii) Rational	1.8925 has a terminating decimal and so it is a rational number.			
(viii) Rational	7.1232323 = $7.1\overline{23}$ has a non-terminating repeating decimal expression and so it is a rational number.			

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Number	Justification
( <i>ix</i> ) Rational	$-\sqrt{0.16} = -0.4 = -\frac{4}{10} = -\frac{2}{5}$ which is of the form $\frac{p}{q}$ , where <i>p</i> and <i>q</i> are integers and
	$q \neq 0$ and so, a rational number.
(x) Rational	$\left(\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = \left(\sqrt{2}\right)^2 + 2 \times \sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = 2 + 2 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$ , which is of the form $\frac{p}{q}$ , where <i>p</i> and <i>q</i> are integers and $q \neq 0$ and so, a rational number.
$\frac{12}{112} < \sqrt[6]{25} < \sqrt[4]{20} < \sqrt[5]{3}$	$\sqrt[3]{12} < \sqrt{80}$

8.	$\sqrt[12]{112} < \sqrt[9]{25} < \sqrt[4]{20} < \sqrt[3]{12} < \sqrt{80}$		
9.	( <i>i</i> ) $\frac{7\sqrt{5}}{12}$ ( <i>ii</i> ) $5\sqrt{6}$ ( <i>iii</i> ) $\frac{8}{3}$	( <i>iv</i> ) $18 - 5\sqrt{10}$ ( <i>v</i> ) 2 ( <i>vi</i> ) $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5}$	
10.	( <i>i</i> ) 1 ( <i>ii</i> ) $\frac{21\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ( <i>iii</i> ) -5	$(iv) 5\sqrt{5} + \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{6}$	
11.	( <i>i</i> ) 0 ( <i>ii</i> ) 1	12. $-11\sqrt{2} - 9\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{10} + 4\sqrt{15}$	
13.	( <i>i</i> ) $b = \frac{5}{6}$ ( <i>ii</i> ) $a = 0, b = -1$	14. 2.063 approx.	
15.	( <i>i</i> ) 4 ( <i>ii</i> ) 4 ( <i>iii</i> ) 64	16. 34	
17.	0	<b>18.</b> ( <i>i</i> ) 5 ( <i>ii</i> ) $\frac{2025}{64}$ ( <i>iii</i> ) -4 ( <i>iv</i> ) 40 ( <i>v</i> )	1
19.	<i>p</i> = 3	20. 200	