





D Reduce, recycle and reuse!

The symbol given below tells us to reduce, recycle and reuse. We must try and throw away as little garbage as we can. We must reduce, recycle and reuse things. Keep a watch on the dustbins in your house for three days. Record at least three things that you can reduce, recycle and reuse.



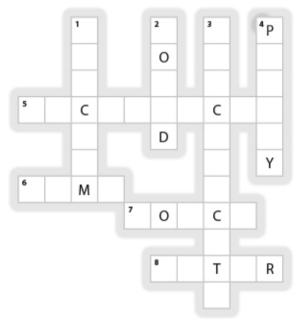
Reduce	Recycle	Reuse	

E Read the clues. Complete the word puzzle.

Conceptual Understanding, Problem Solving

## ACROSS

- 5 Kinetic and potential are types of this form of energy. (10)
- 6 This is an example of an inclined plane. (4)
- 7 A push or pull acting upon an object (5)
- 8 Hydroelectricity is obtained from this source of energy. (5)
- D O W N
- 1 In a first-class lever, this lies between the load and the effort. (7)
  - 2 This is produced when a force causes an object to vibrate. (5)
  - 3 Movement of electrical charges through a wire (11)
  - 4 A simple machine that has a small wheel with a groove around its outer edge (6)



3

Experiment to observe air pressure in a dropper

Critical Thinking, Conceptual Understanding, Experiential Learning

AIM: To observe air pressure YOU WILL NEED: A dropper, water in a bowl PROCEDURE:

- 1. Press the bulb of the dropper.
- Keep it pressed as you dip the dropper in water.
- 3. Now, release the bulb.

Observe that water is sucked up into the tube of the dropper. What do you conclude? Choose the correct option.

1. When the bulb is pressed

a. air goes into the dropper.

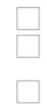
b. air goes out of the dropper.

When the bulb is released in water

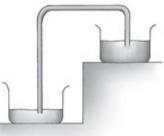
 a. air pushes water into the dropper.

b. water pushes air into the dropper.

- G Make your own siphon.
  - Fill two large jars with water and place them at different levels as shown.
  - Hold one end of a plastic tube in the jar kept at the higher level.
  - 3. Suck air out from the tube completely. Leave this end of the tube at a lower level. What happens?



Creativity, Scientific Temper	Creat	tivity	, Scientific	Temper
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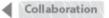


## ---- Projects -----

A Find out.

Find out examples of friction in your daily life. Write whether it is advantageous or disadvantageous in each case. Make a PowerPoint presentation based on your findings.

B Make a chart.



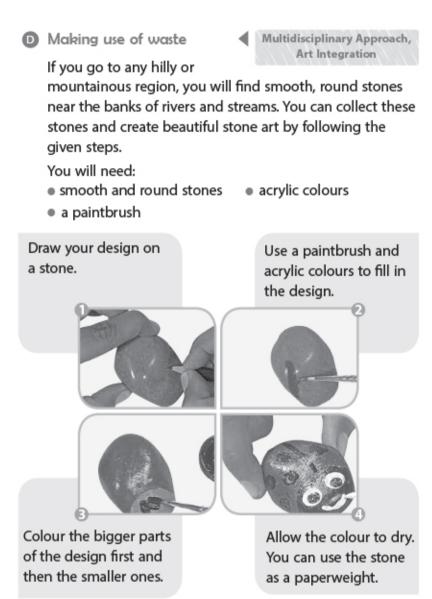
Life Skills

Work in groups to make charts on different organ systems. Display all the charts in the class.

- Form four groups of students in the class.
- Each group will collect information on the specified organ system.
- Each group will prepare a chart to show the different parts of the system and their functions.

Group 1: Skeletal system	Group 2: Nervous system
Group 3: Circulatory system	Group 4: Excretory system

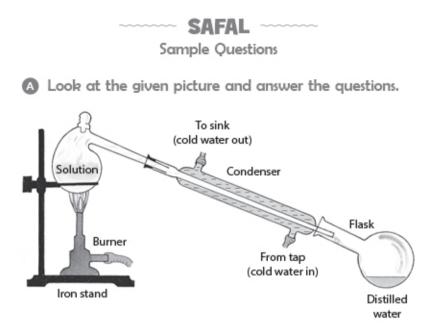
- Class project.
  - Tick (
     ) the method used in your home to make drinking water safe and germ-free.
  - 1. boiling 2. filtering
  - 3. water purifier 4. any other
  - Find out how the drinking water in your school is made safe for drinking.
  - Find out how at least two of these methods help in keeping drinking water safe.
  - Draw all these methods of purification of water in your scrapbook.



## SCIENCE | Class 5

## lt's a fact!

In the mountains, the fast-flowing streams break rocks and boulders and carry them along. These rocks roll and slide with the streams. In the process, they rub against each other and become round and smooth.



- 1. Name this process of removing impurities from water.
- 2. What kind of impurities can be removed by this process?
- 3. Number the steps of the process correctly.
- On cooling inside the condenser, water vapour changes into water again.
- \_\_\_\_ The water vapour then enters a condenser.
- \_\_\_\_ Impure water is heated till it starts to boil.
- The pure water, called distilled water, is collected in a flask.
- On boiling, water evaporates to form water vapour and impurities are left behind.

B Read the paragraph and answer the questions.

You need food to get energy to do work, to grow, and to stay healthy and strong. To remain healthy and strong, we must have wholesome food, that is, food which is good for us. Food has



some special substances in it called nutrients. Our body needs these nutrients to grow and stay healthy.

1. Which of the following provides energy to the body?

	a. bread		c.	rice	
	b. sugar		d.	all of these	
2.	Which of the follo	wing is a goo	d s	ource of protein	?
	a. rice		c.	bread	
	b. milk		d.	apple	
3.	Which of the follo	wing is a goo	d s	ource of minera	ls?
	a. bread		c.	sugar	
	b. oil		d.	fruits and	
				vegetables	
4.	Which of the follo	wing is a com	nmu	unicable disease	?
	a. obesity		c.	allergy	
	b. anaemia		d.	measles	
5.	Which of the follo	wing is not a	cor	nmunicable dise	ease?
	a. measles		c.	chickenpox	
	b. goitre		d.	typhoid	
6.	The deficiency of	which of thes	e c	auses night blin	dness?
	a. calcium		c.	iodine	
	b. vitamin A		d.	vitamin D	

SCIENCE | Class 5